NOTE: PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT WHEN YOU GO TO TAKE THE FINAL EXAM ONLINE THAT THE EXAM MAY BE IN A DIFFERENT ORDER THEN THE QUESTIONS PROVIDED BELOW.


Question 1 of 23: Check-in officially logs you in at the incident. The check-in process and information help to:

- Ensure personnel accountability.
- Track resources.
- Prepare personnel for assignments and reassignments.
- Organize the demobilization process.

☐  a. Determine procedures for reimbursing your headquarters.

☐  b. Identify purchasing authority and procedures.

☐  c. Determine how food and lodging will be provided.

☐  d. Locate personnel in case of an emergency.
Question 2 of 23: The ability to communicate within ICS is absolutely critical. To ensure efficient, clear communication, ICS requires the use of:

- a. Agency-specific codes
- b. Radio codes.
- c. Common terminology.
- d. Technical language.

Question 3 of 23: Which General Staff position prepares and documents the Incident Action Plan, collects and evaluates information, maintains resource status, and maintains documentation for incident records?

- a. Planning Section Chief
- b. Logistics Section Chief
- c. Finance/Administration Section Chief
- d. Operations Section Chief

Question 4 of 23: Which General Staff position conducts tactical operations, develops the tactical objectives and organization, and directs all tactical resources?

- a. Finance/Administration Section Chief
- b. Operations Section Chief
- c. Planning Section Chief
- d. Logistics Section Chief
Question 5 of 23 : Which Command Staff position serves as the primary contact for supporting agencies assigned to an incident?

- a. Safety Officer
- b. Liaison Officer
- c. Resource Officer
- d. Public Information Officer

Question 6 of 23 : Expansion of incidents may require the delegation of authority for the performance of Operations, Planning, Logistics, and Finance/Administration functions. The people who perform these four management functions are designated as the:

- a. Director Staff.
- b. Deputy Staff.
- c. Command Staff.
- d. General Staff.

Question 7 of 23 : Which incident facility is the location where personnel and equipment are kept while waiting for tactical assignments?

- a. Staging Area
- b. Camp
- c. Incident Command Post
- d. Base
Question 8 of 23: Which General Staff position manages costs related to the incident, and provides accounting, procurement, time recording, and cost analyses?

- a. Logistics Section Chief
- b. Operations Section Chief
- c. Finance/Administration Section Chief
- d. Planning Section Chief

Question 9 of 23: There is no correlation between the ICS organization and the administrative structure of any single agency or jurisdiction. This is deliberate because:

- a. There is a need to protect agencies and jurisdictions against potential liability claims resulting from incident response.
- b. It is easier to account for resource expenditures associated with incident responses when the position titles are unique.
- c. Confusion between agency position titles/organizational structures and the ICS structure needs to be avoided.
- d. Every incident requires different management organizational structures and position titles to be effective.

Question 10 of 23: After check-in, you should:

- a. Arrange personal items needed for your estimated length of stay.
- b. Determine your return mode of transportation.
- c. Report to the command post.
- d. Locate your incident supervisor and obtain your initial briefing.
Question 11 of 23: Which position is the only one that is always staffed in ICS applications?

- a. Safety Officer
- b. Incident Commander
- c. Public Information Officer
- d. Operations Section Chief

Question 12 of 23: ICS has been used to manage incidents such as fires, earthquakes, hurricanes, and acts of terrorism. Which of the following situations represents another viable application for the use of ICS?

- a. The planning and operation of the Central City annual Labor Day celebration, including a parade and fair.
- b. The oversight of the annual fiscal budget for the Brownsville Library, including the procurement of new books.
- c. The oversight of safety issues associated with Mrs. Butler's 10th grade chemistry class throughout the school year.
- d. The management of nursing staff at the City General Hospital during weekend shifts.

Question 13 of 23: Which incident facility is positioned outside of the present and potential hazard area, but close enough to the incident to maintain command?

- a. Incident Command Post
- b. Command Center
- c. Operations Station
- d. Staging Area
Question 14 of 23: One ICS principle relates to the supervisory structure of the organization and pertains to the number of individuals or resources one incident supervisor can manage effectively. This operating guideline is referred to as:

- a. Form follows function.
- b. Unity of command.
- c. Delegation of authority
- d. Span of control.

Question 15 of 23: Depending upon the size and type of incident or event, it may be necessary for the Incident Commander to designate personnel to provide public information, safety, and liaison services for the entire organization. In ICS, these personnel make up the:

- a. Deputy Staff.
- b. Command Staff.
- c. Director Staff.
- d. General Staff

Question 16 of 23: A basic ICS principle is that the first Incident Commander is responsible until the:

- a. Five management functions are activated.
- b. Event or incident has demobilized.
- c. Authority is delegated to another person.
- d. Next operational period has begun.
Question 17 of 23: At each level of the ICS organization, individuals in positions of primary responsibility have distinct titles. Using specific ICS position titles:

- a. Allows ICS positions to be filled with the most qualified individuals rather than being filled just by rank alone.
- b. Ensures that responders remain accountable to agency management not present at the incident scene.
- c. Improves responder motivation by providing prestige associated with certain titles.
- d. Provides personnel with a clear understanding of the pay scale associated with increasing levels of responsibility.

Question 18 of 23: Which General Staff position is responsible for ensuring that assigned incident personnel are fed and have communications, medical support, and transportation as needed to meet the operational objectives?

- a. Finance/Administration Section Chief
- b. Logistics Section Chief
- c. Planning Section Chief
- d. Operations Section Chief

Question 19 of 23: Which Command Staff position serves as the conduit between internal and external stakeholders, including the media, or other organizations seeking information directly from the incident or event?

- a. Liaison Officer
- b. Resource Officer
- c. Public Information Officer
- d. Safety Officer
Question 20 of 23: Which Command Staff position monitors safety conditions and develops measures for assuring the safety of all assigned personnel?

- a. Liaison Officer
- b. Public Information
- c. Resource Officer
- d. Safety Officer

Question 21 of 23: Designers of the system recognized early that ICS must:

- Meet the needs of incidents of any kind or size.
- Provide logistical and administrative support to ensure that operational staff can meet tactical objectives.
- Be cost effective by avoiding duplication of efforts.

- a. Allow personnel from a variety of agencies to meld rapidly into a common management structure.
- b. Require that a minimum number of personnel be deployed to perform administrative and logistics functions.
- c. Use certified emergency responders to serve as incident commanders and section chiefs.
- d. Compensate for incident response failures likely to result from a lack of resources.

Question 22 of 23: At which incident facility are resources kept to support incident operations if a Base is not accessible to all resources?

- a. Helibase
- b. Camp
- c. Incident Command Post
- d. Staging Area
Question 23 of 23: Every incident must have a verbal or written Incident Action Plan. The purpose of this plan is to provide all incident supervisory personnel with direction for:

- a. Taking actions based on the objectives identified in the plan during the operational period.
- b. Obtaining and maintaining essential personnel, equipment, and supplies.
- c. Monitoring the number of resources that report to any one supervisor.
- d. Maintaining documentation and tracking resources assigned to the incident.