1	STATE OF MICHIGAN
2	COUNTY OF OTTAWA
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6	IN RE: QUINCY STREET DRAIN
7	BOARD OF DETERMINATION
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10	Proceedings commenced at 10:00 a.m., on Thursday,
11	August 9, 2018, at Jamestown Charter Township, 2380 Riley
12	Street, Hudsonville, Michigan, held before Marjorie A. Covey,
13	CSR-2616, Certified Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public.
14	
15	
16	APPEARANCES:
17	Mr. Joe Bush, Ottawa County Water Resources Commissioner Ms. Jennifer Vandenberg, Secretary to Water Resources Comm.
18	Mr. Bill Cargo, Board Chairman
19	Mr. Glenn Nykamp, Board Secretary Mr. Ken Souter, Board Member
20	Mr. Ken Bergwerff, Supervisor, Jamestown Charter Township
21	Mr. Paul L. Forton, Engineer, Spicer Group
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Hudsonville, Michigan

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August 9, 2018 - 10:00 a.m.

PROCEEDINGS

WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Well good morning, everyone. I'm Joe Bush, the Ottawa County Water Resources Commissioner, also known as the Drain Commissioner of Ottawa County. I changed the name when I got elected in 2012 and then in 2013 when I took office, I became the Water Resources Commissioner. By Drain Code, you can do that.

This is one part of my job that I do is hold public hearings. So welcome to Jamestown Township for a Board of Determination hearing for a particular drain concern brought to us by residents.

Again, I take your time and very much appreciate it because it is in the morning. Some people ask, why don't you have it at night? Well I have the same issues. Whether I have them in the afternoon or at night, people aren't happy with it. So I try to have them in the daytime just because I get it either way, and my night time is usually for board meetings.

When you have the whole county and have a thousand county drains, and we all know how busy Ottawa County is, my night times get pretty busy going to other -- I have 16 other townships, six cities and a village. So trying to break that up in scheduling is quite difficult.

But I appreciate your time this morning when coming here to listen on why we're here, the process. This is all part of Drain Code. This isn't something that Joe went out and found. I got way too many issues going on for me to go look for them. This one came to me. And this is why we hold a Board of Determination, it's why we hold a public hearing. And it's to get testimony from the people out there who either approve or disapprove of the necessity.

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This isn't a, what is the project, or a cost of the project. We don't know that yet.

The reason we're here is to hold a public hearing for the people who are living in this watershed. I think everybody got a map, and that's an outline of the watershed. The watershed is your water either gets there or you benefit through this particular drain of what we're talking about today. One way or the other. It might not be directly. Your property -- your property might not be on this particular branch or drain, but your water sheds to it and gets there, and you benefit from this water course.

This Board that I appoint, all through Drain Code, it's all state law, has no affiliation with any properties in this area or Jamestown Township. So when I appoint people, I have a selection of people that I put to this Board who understand Drain Code, drainage, and possibly assessments and how the process works of my job and why we're here today.

These folks have a great understanding of why they're here.

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And when they hear your testimony of in favor of or don't have a problem or do have a problem, it's their decision as a Board to make that call on the necessity and move forward, Joe, with your engineering firm on trying to come up with a solution.

We don't have the solution today because we haven't even held the public hearing yet. That's why we're here. We don't have the cost.

Everybody goes, what's the cost of this? We don't even know yet only because we haven't spent \$20,000 in engineering to figure out the cost when we haven't had this. This is the first step -- well the first step is the petition.

So let me back up a little bit. We received a request, it was a couple months ago that the Township Board invited me to come to a Board meeting on Monday night and the particular supervisor, Ken Bergwerff asked me, hey, can you come to the Board meeting and explain the process on a petition. We have people with concerns over on Quincy Street.

And I said, sure, I'd be more than happy to do that. I do that all the time.

So I came to the Board meeting and that night the Board declined the petition. Said, no, we don't want to see

it move forward.

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That's not up to me, that's not my decision, it was a Board decision, and that's fine. That's why you have a Board.

So these particular property owners called me and said, what's our next step? We need to get a solution.

There is two options for the petition, the township can petition or the property owners.

We got the petition back signed by the property owners and that's why we're here today again. So this is my second round on this Quincy Street Drain public hearing.

The other thing that we don't have nailed down yet is how big of a scope of a project. We don't know that either yet. But that will be soon -- when we figure out if this Board today determines, yep, there is a necessity and a need to move forward with a drain project, down the road we can give that information, possibly hold another meeting, which is not required but I would try to keep people informed on the next steps.

Once I give the oath to these three gentlemen, I'm out of it. Unless you guys have questions, and then they will ask me or the Board -- I mean you guys can ask the Board to ask me questions.

I'm neutral in this. I'm not 'in favor of' or 'not in favor of' because I am an elected official and the drain

commissioner. That's why Drain Code says appoint three people, go through the process, and make it legit, right?

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It's not just, hey, Joe wants this. I've heard rumors that I'm big government and county wants to rule everything. I didn't go out and look for this problem. It came to me. This is my job as an elected official.

This is just one of my water resources duties, this is just a small part of it, but it's important because people have problems.

everything is court recorded. So if you ever want to find out what did Joe say or what did the people say or what did this Board say, Margie here is my court recorder. Since I got elected, it's not required by Drain Code or state law, but I do it because it's came back to me. And it's important that everything is court recorded so if there is a lawsuit down the road, I have it all on record of what I said or what she -- not her, but anybody in the audience or the Board or the engineer too.

So Margie has been to everyone or almost all of my BOD's. And you can find those on my website in about four to six weeks. Or if you need a hard copy, you don't have access to an internet or a computer, you're more than welcome to call me. And my secretary, Jen, who is in the back that signed you in, will get you a hard copy and mail it to you if

you need a copy of the minutes of the Board of Determination. 1 2 So right now I'll do introductions. On my right is 3 Ken Souter, he worked at the road commission, he's retired 4 from there. He worked there almost forty years. Ken, you 5 know, drainage, right? That's why he's here, he was an 6 engineer for the road commission for many, many, like I said 7 almost 40 years. And he knows drainage, Drain Code, and he knows what this job details as far as the importance of it. 8 9 Then we have in the center Bill Cargo, he's Grand 10 Haven Township Manager. He's been on many BODs. He's the 11 chair, and he's also, because people in the middle usually get that position, but they'll vote on that. But Bill has 12 13 been doing this for a long time. And again he understands 14 Drain Code and drainage. 15 And then we have Glenn Nykamp, Zeeland Township 16 Supervisor, and he's been on many of these as well. And again, he's got a lot of drainage expertise and drain law, 17 Drain Code. And also he knows the importance of my job. 18 19 Margie is the court recorder. 2.0 Then we have Paul Forton. He's from Spicer 2.1 Engineering Group. They're out of the Byron Center area. 22 They have, what do you got now, seven offices state wide? 23 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Across the state.

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now.

WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: And one in Georgia

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: And also in Atlanta.

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WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: So they're more or less a drainage engineer firm. They work for multiple drain commissioners or water resources commissioners, drain commissioners, across the state.

And then we have Jen. Again, she's my secretary.

So if you ever call my office, usually you will get her or my other -- my drain clerk on the phone.

If you ever go to MIOttawa.org and then look under departments, you'll find me. And then if you go under Water Resources Commissioner's department, you will find all the minutes, all the notices, everything I've mailed out to property owners since I've been elected.

I think it's very importance to be transparent, and if you ever want to know something about me, everything is on my website. And I'm more than happy to take phone calls and come out and do visits. I do that a lot. I'm happy to do that.

Again, I'll give these gentlemen the oath. And once they get the oath, they'll be running the meeting, they'll decide who the chair and the secretary is. And they'll be -- when they ask to give public testimony, state your name, address, clearly and loudly so Margie can hear it and so she can get it on the minutes for the documentation.

And then I'm trying to think if there is anything

else.

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There has been a lot of concern in this area for awhile and it's been brought to the township supervisor, Ken, in the past, and to the Board I think a few times. With Jamestown and its growth, there is just a lot of things that are happening with that. A lot of times it's water.

This is a natural kind of a watercourse that goes into the Buttermilk Creek, I can tell you that. And there is a lot of downed trees, erosion, and flooding concerns. And that's usually not a good thing.

So that's why -- those are some of the issues.

I'll let the rest of the people in the audience talk about it in further detail, but I know that's what's been brought to my attention.

And again, that's another reason why we're here.

So again I really appreciate your time this morning because I know how important it is to leave work and do something and to take the time. I just appreciate it a lot. So thank you.

Gentlemen, please rise, raise your right hand.

Do each of you solemnly swear to faithfully perform and discharge the duties imposed upon you as members of the Board of Determination appointed by the Water Resources

Commissioner of Ottawa County, to determine the necessity of drainage improvements in a certain drain to be known and designated as the Quincy Street Drain, in the Township of

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Jamestown, in said county, as required by law? Gentlemen,
 1
 2
     what do you say?
 3
               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: I shall.
 4
               BOARD MEMBER GLENN NYKAMP:
                                            Yes.
 5
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER:
                                          T will.
 6
               WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Thank you.
 7
               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO: Are the mics on? Can
 8
    people hear? I just wanted to check that.
 9
               First thing we'll do is have an election of a
10
     chairperson and secretary.
               Do I have a motion to elect a chairperson?
11
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: I'll make a motion to
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13
     elect Bill Cargo as chair.
14
               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO:
                                          Is there support?
15
               BOARD MEMBER GLENN NYKAMP:
                                            Support.
16
               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO:
                                         We have a motion and
17
     support to elect myself, Bill Cargo as chairperson.
18
               All in favor, say aye.
19
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER:
                                          Aye.
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               BOARD MEMBER BILL CARGO:
                                          Aye.
               BOARD MEMBER GLENN NYKAMP: Aye.
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               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: All opposed?
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               So we're done with that.
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               Also I'll make a motion for Glenn Nykamp to be the
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     secretary for this Board of Determination. Do I have
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1
     support?
 2
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: I'll support that.
 3
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               We have a motion in
 4
     support.
 5
               All in favor of electing Glenn as a secretary, say
 6
     aye.
 7
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER:
                                        Aye.
 8
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Aye.
9
               BOARD MEMBER GLENN NYKAMP:
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               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And there is no
11
     opposition.
12
               That said, I want to talk briefly about the public
13
             We're going to put a motion on the floor to limit
     rules.
     public comments to three minutes. It doesn't affect
14
15
     questions and so forth. But you can summarize War and Peace
16
     in three minutes, so we hope that people can summarize their
17
     concerns. And again, if there are questions, that won't be
18
    part of this three-minute limit. We will answer questions as
19
     they arise.
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               So do I have a motion to limit public comments to
2.1
     three minutes per person?
22
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: So moved.
23
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER:
                                         Support.
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               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               I have motion on the
25
     floor with support.
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1	All in favor, say aye.
2	BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: Aye.
3	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Aye.
4	BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: Aye.
5	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And so we will limit
6	public comments to three minutes.
7	The other thing I'm going to do is I'm just going
8	to go up and down the rows. I'll point because I don't know
9	people's names here. And hopefully come up to the mic, and
10	give your name and your address before you give your public
11	comment. And again, that will be recorded. We just need
12	that for the record.
13	So first of all I'm going to ask for Township
14	comments, is there anybody from Jamestown Township that would
15	like to make comments? Please just come on up to the mic,
16	I'd appreciate that.
17	JAMESTOWN CHARTER TOWNSHIP SUPERVISOR KEN
18	BERGWERFF: As you mentioned we have had members of the
19	public who live
20	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: We know who you are,
21	but just to make sure
22	JAMESTOWN CHARTER TOWNSHIP SUPERVISOR KEN
23	BERGWERFF: Ken Bergwerff, Jamestown Charter Township
24	Supervisor.
25	We have members of the public who live in this area

whose properties are being adversely affected by it and they 1 2 have requested relief from that. So that's why you're here. 3 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: 4 JAMESTOWN CHARTER TOWNSHIP SUPERVISOR KEN 5 BERGWERFF: Thank you. 6 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: The next thing we're 7 going to do is I'm going to ask for the engineer, Paul Forton 8 from Spicer Group to give a presentation. I understand it 9 will be a PowerPoint that will be up on the screen. 10 And if you'll help us to describe, because we can't 11 see the screen, so if you can describe what page you're on 12 and what's on the page just so we can flip and follow, I 13 would appreciate that. 14 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: As Joe mentioned before, my 15 name is Paul Forton with Spicer Group. I know some of you 16 were at the township meeting that was held several weeks ago 17 now; and for those that did attend that meeting, my apologies as it's the exact same presentation with a different date and 18 19 called Board of Determination instead of a Township Summary. 2.0 So if you were at that particular presentation, 2.1 you've seen this information before. Bear with me as I lay 22 that out for the Board. 23 I am very informal, but I'd like to receive 2.4 questions, you quys make ask questions at any time.

If folks have questions for me, that really needs

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to go through the Board as a part of the formal process. By I am available also afterwards if there is comment, we'll be here.

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So going through the outline on page two, we're going to discuss a little bit about the location of the drain, if you're not familiar with where it's located, talk a little bit about the background and the history and how we got here.

There has been a lot of questions about the drainage district boundary, how do we determine what the watershed is and that sort of thing. So we'll tap into that information a little bit. The handout that many of you folks have is a slide that's on the, or in the presentation here. That yellow line is an approximate watershed boundary that we would look to use. So we'll talk about how we got to that particular line.

I have some photos of the general condition of the drain itself, so that the Board can see what it looks like today. And then we'll talk about why we're here, pros, cons and what not for establishing a county drain. And then I'll take any questions that the Board has at that time.

Moving on to slide three, the location of this particular drain, if you're not familiar with it, it's the natural watercourse. If you proceed west down Quincy Street from 32nd Avenue, the natural watercourse crosses just west

of there. It flows in a northerly direction, and it outlets into Buttermilk Creek as Joe mentioned before.

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If you're familiar with the sports water park, you'll see a photo here in a minute so you can kind of figure out where you are. It's on the south side of 196. This particular watercourse goes right by this on its way north to Buttermilk Creek.

A little bit about some background information, looking at slide four now, this is primarily an open drain system meaning it functions today much like a natural creek would. That being said, there are some particular areas within the developments that are storm sewer. It remains to be seen what will be designated as a branch or what will be not designated as a branch, where will the main centerline go. These are all questions that will be determined later if the project is found necessary.

The watershed itself is a little over a thousand acres. So we're looking at about 1.7 square miles. Most of that area is agricultural ground. Obviously there is a few homes in the area, and an increasingly -- increasing amount of development that's also taking place within this particular watershed.

Again, we are here today to discuss an application to establish a new drain. This is a little unique from the other drains that Joe has in his county. Being a brand new

drain, we do not have easements yet. There is not an 1 2 established route and course yet. Again, that needs to be 3 determined. But basically this process does start with 4 identifying the area that is drained by this particular 5 watercourse. 6 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Could I ask just a 7 follow-up question? ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: 8 Yes. 9 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: From what I 10 understand this is not an established drain. Is it unusual to have a watershed of this size in a community like this 11 12 that's not part of a drain system? 13 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Well that's an interesting 14 question. So very often, especially with increasing 15 development, you do see natural watercourses like this be 16 petitioned to become county drains. And I'll speak to that a 17 little bit later. 18 Unusual? Yes and no. Not necessarily. There are 19 natural watercourses all over that aren't necessarily county 2.0 It tends to be when there are issues identified on drains. 2.1 that particular drain that somebody would like to have a 22 public entity have jurisdiction over that to take care of 2.3 that. 24 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Unless it's part --

as a follow-up question, if it's not part of the county drain

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system, is it legal to spend public monies on private property to deal with erosion or drainage issues?

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ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: There are special circumstances that allow for that. But generally speaking, no.

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Generally speaking, no. And it's difficult to for private landowners. Many times -- let me take two steps back. So the Water Resources Commissioner, or the drain commissioners across the state, those folks have exemptions with DEQ, DEQ being the Department of Environmental Quality.

And so if it's a designated county drain, Joe Bush can go in with crews and do maintenance on that and be exempt from needing a DEQ permit. Versus myself, if I want to work on the county drain behind my house, I can't go back there and excavate or dig without a permit.

Which I know that frustrates a lot of folks. I hear this all of the time. I've owned this property longer than you've been alive, boy, and you're telling me I need a permit from the state to do X, Y and Z? Yes, sir, that's the case. I don't like it as much as you do, but I have to be the bearer of bad news, you know.

So the advantage, to go to the point of your question, the advantage of having it under the jurisdiction

of somebody is that they can maintain it. From the Water Resources Commissioner's perspective a lot of times you can do that without a DEQ permit, which does simplify things. The relationship they have with DEQ there is certain things they can do that private landowners can't.

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BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And also another follow-up question, if this is a drainage district and if there ever was an assessment put for some improvement, wouldn't typically the township and the county be automatically assessed a portion of that?

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: That's an excellent question. And the answer to that actually depends on your motions later on.

And so the first motion is whether it's necessary or not to establish it. But then also what's decided today is whether the municipalities at large also have a derived benefit from the establishment of this drain.

Many times, due to increased tax value or fixing issues, boards do tend to decide that it is necessary for public health and welfare. Generally speaking the county at large will receive a benefit for benefit to county roads.

Obviously we have roadways in this area, and if you were on the road commission or worked for the road commission before, they have water that runs off into this watershed as well.

Many times folks say, well, they're all pavement, I

have a farm, they should be paying more per acre. And there is a law and a way that we calculate that. It's called the 14a calculations. So we take into account pavement, runoff, versus the rest of the watershed and that sort of thing and prorate a share.

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We do have 196 in this area, so MDOT would also potentially be included as an at-large, or what we would call an at-large assessment. And then certainly the township would round that out.

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Thank you.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: So again, going back now to slide number five. It starts with identifying a watershed boundary or an overall area. And when we do this, then this is a particular handout that you have with the aerial in the yellow line. This is the approximate boundary that we've determined thus far. And again I know Joe has received several questions on how do we do this? And in general, the boundary itself on the north, you've got 196'ish. On the west side, we don't go all the way to 48th but we get close to 48th Avenue. On the east side we're bordered approximately by 32nd Avenue, and then you got Riley Street to the south. So that kind of brackets the approximate area that we've determined flows through this watercourse to the north.

When we determined these boundaries, going to slide

six, the first thing we look at is adjacent drainage district boundaries.

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In this particular instance we have the Pinnacle Drain to the east. The reason we do that is if you live on the edge of the boundary and some of your water drains to the west and some of it drains to the east. If you have an 80-acre farm and 60 goes one way and 20 goes the other, we don't like to see overlaps or gaps.

Historically when drains were established 100 some years ago, they did what's called aliquot parts. It was a sectional callout based on land ownership.

Well if a drain was established in 1890, and then a second drain was established next door, many times what we found is there is overlap and that 80-acre farm could have 60 acres in one and 60 acres in the other. And that's a problem. If I only own 80 acres and I'm getting assessed for 120, we've got an issue.

So today we do things a lot different. We use the modern data that we have today. And you can start to see some of that on slide seven. We have LiDAR data now. If you've ever been in a boat with a depth finder, it's very similar to that.

An airplane flies over the county, shoots a beam down. That beam comes back to the airplane and it calculates the distance. And it allows us to take all those elevation

points to make a model basically of the earth's surface. And then we can generate these contours.

2.0

Now looking at this particular map, it's kind of hard to see what's going on. If you've looked at contour maps before, you can start to see some of the ravines and get an idea of the pattern of the flow that when the rain comes, where that water goes.

What we like to do is we'll take that in the office and colorize it, we throw a color pattern to it. And when we do that, looking at slide eight now, it kind of helps pop the elevations off the page.

For example, what we're looking for is the ridge line, the continental divide that isolates this watershed. And basically that's the red elevations that you can see on the southern line. If you were to drive out on 32nd Avenue toward West Riley Street, and you're heading south, you're going to be going up a hill, and eventually you're going to pitch and drop. That point, the peak of that hill, is right where this line crosses 32nd Avenue.

So, you know, we look for that all the way around the watershed to determine where this boundary is.

So in this particular instance, the red colors are higher elevations. And that water flows through the rainbow per se through the oranges, through the yellows. You can really see the valleys now popping with those yellow colors,

before it outlets into the green and then proceeds to the north.

2.0

This particular drain, the point of beginning where we would start this drain, the downstream most point, starts right at the end of Buttermilk Creek. And so that's at least what we're proposing now. And again, that's right behind the water sports park.

So getting into some of the photos, where there is an existing embankment there behind the water park, with that first photo, you can see this is where they're running the skiers and wake boards and what not. So if you're -- again, if you're travelling eastbound on 196 and you look to your right, you may have noticed that this pond is there. There is a slight berm there and a channel that goes through that with a culvert that goes through the berm. That is where we're proposing for the, again, the point of beginning to be, the end of the Buttermilk Creek drain and the beginning of what we would propose as the Quincy Street Drain.

This particular stretch, moving to the next photo, this lower end especially has a fair amount of bank erosion. You can see on the photo kind of in the left, top middle there are a lot of areas in the particular watercourse that have eroded banks.

Some of these eroded banks, for example, the water park, their outlet, they've got a concrete spillway apron

where excess water can spill out. Some of that bank erosion is getting very close to that spillway, to the point of undermining some of the riprap that they've placed there historically to keep that safe.

2.0

That bank erosion, moving to the next slide, can cause a lot of woody debris to develop, when a bank blows out and a tree is growing on it that falls into the stream and the watercourse. A big challenge that we have all across the state, not just in Ottawa County is the ash trees. With the emerald ash borer, we've lost a tremendous amount of trees. Any time those are along this corridor, and they drop into a stream, they can be a problem.

Being a fisherman, some wood in a river is a good thing for habitat and things like that. But moving to the next slide, which would be slide twelve, sometimes wood can pose a problem.

When that tree falls into the drain and it blocks it off, now that flow, instead of staying in its natural watercourse, it blows out to one side taking out a bank with it. When that happens all of that sediment or all of that material that's washed away goes somewhere. Well where does it go? Downstream.

Many times that causes problems, whether it be in a receiving lake, in the drain itself, that erosion, that sediment can plug culverts, which causes issues with roadways

and other things.

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So moving through, this is a slide of -- a slide or a picture of a home. And this is the home right where the drain crosses Quincy Street. This home is on the south side of Quincy Street just east of the drain. And so it is on the upstream side of a road culvert.

And you can see in the first photo, and there will be a second one here in a minute, that there is some flooding water that they have on their parcel adjacent to their house.

And I've done this for a lot of years, and so I know a lot of times I'll receive public comment, well I bought my house at the top of the hill. I don't have any issues. And then somebody like this, I met them in the field the day this photo was taken on February 20th, late this winter. And if you remember February 20th, 18th, 19th, 20th, we had a decent amount of snow, maybe 12 to 14 inches that melted off, and then we got a rain on top of it. Pretty much a worst case scenario when it comes to drainage.

UNKNOWN SPEAKER: What house is that?

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: It's the upstream side of Quincy Street. I don't know the address off the top of my head unfortunately. But it's just east of the drain on the south side of the road.

UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Okay.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: And I believe the circulator

of the petition lives here.

2.0

So knowing that this was an issue I came out and snapped some photos just to get an idea of what they were dealing with.

The next photo you have here is a photo taken straight out the back and you can see where the mowed grass goes out into the flood plain. And there is a significant amount of water obviously standing there.

I don't know. Are you here, by chance, the owner of this home (indicating)?

Perfect. I will let you speak to your history
there and what it's been for you. I know that you and I have
spoke, but I would encourage you during public comment to
voice your opinion so that the Board knows. You live there,
I don't. So they know what your situation has been.

And again, you and I have discussed that, but I'll leave that for you to share.

So again when we have erosion, culverts can get plugged with sediment. When we have that woody debris, water can't efficiently move through the system; and not only efficiently, but also in a stabilized manner. When we see this much erosion it can really cause issues for downstream landowners as well. With the blockages, with the debris, that only exacerbates the problem.

So much like Joe, honestly guys, I don't care

whether it's found necessary or not. Some folks say, well you're an engineer, you want it to go. I'm just presenting information for you guys to make a decision.

2.0

There are ash trees dropping all over the state and we're fine, I've got plenty of work.

Make your decision based on the public comment and what you see here.

I did a Board of Determination last night and there were sections of the drain that had woody debris like this and other sections that were fine.

In my experience -- and I didn't travel the whole corridor. I didn't go up every branch; number one, it's not established, so I stayed close to road right-of-ways and stayed off of folks' private property. But number two, to my knowledge, there aren't any clean areas per se on this. From everything that I saw, there was woody debris.

Having said that, again I would encourage everybody, if you own property on the drain, I would love to hear what the condition is in your area because I haven't been able to walk all of this.

If there is problems that are here, if it's found necessary, if we don't know about it, we can't fix it.

And if there is not problems, then say that. I owned the property for 30 years and never had an issue. All of those comments help the Board in making an educated

decision. So again, I would just encourage you to do that when the time comes.

2.0

So moving on to slide fifteen, why establish a county drain, we touched on this a little bit earlier but it provides for a means to maintain the system.

In an area like this when you have blown-out banks, ideally we've pulled those banks back. So instead of being vertical -- that stream is trying to heal itself is what it's doing with the flow rate it's receiving. So if we can lay that bank back, get grass growth, vegetation growing, more adequately serve the flow rates that are coming through there, much like maintaining a road, it's nice to be able to maintain some of these natural watercourses.

And in effect it will protect the natural water resources that are there. You got less erosion which takes away from farm grounds. You've got businesses now in this area that obviously have interests. Homeowners that worry about flooding and so on and so forth. And safety concerns too when you've got vertical banks like this.

So you can alleviate and control some of this erosion. You can reduce the sediment that is going downstream. And you can address flooding concerns and protect the landowners' interests.

Now that being said, those are a lot of positive things on why to establish a drain.

Some of the negatives, the county does not have a pot of money to pay for projects like this. The way they are paid for is through, again, this watershed boundary or the assessment district.

2.0

And that, a lot of times, depends on factors that would include acreage. If I own one acre, and somebody else has an 80-acre farm, well there is more service to the 80 acres than my one. To contrast that though, if I own an acre and I have a house and a pole barn and a driveway, I have more runoff than that farm does because they have corn planted there. There is less runoff from a cornfield than a developed property.

So is it commercial? Is it developed? Does it have a large roof, a large parking lot? Those are all factors that are taken into account. And that's the Water Resources Commissioner's place is to define scope and cost if the project is found necessary.

Again, that's many times the taxpayer's dollars, and that would go to the folks that live within the watershed. I got a kid in diapers, I don't want to pay another \$20. I get it. I'm in a drainage district too. As a matter of fact I'm in at least two of them because my county drain drops into an inner-county drain. So if they work on either one of those, I get potentially taxed on both. So that's how you can potentially end up in two watersheds.

So are there pros, yes; are there cons, yes.

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And if you guys have any questions at this point, there is a lot of things I haven't touched on, but feel free to ask.

BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: I'm from Port Sheldon

Township so I don't get over here very much since I retired

from the road commission. And I came down 32nd Street and I

happened to see there has been a lot of development since I

retired.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Lots.

BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: In that development area is there underground storm systems that drain to this drainage course, or haven't you gone into that far enough to --

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: I know that there are some. There are certainly some that do drain into this system.

Many folks know about the new Meijer that was recently put up. The majority of that water, if I'm not mistaken, actually goes east into Quincy Street. But there are other developments west of Meijer that do feed into this system.

And they are following the requirements, at least at the time when they were developed, they do follow the requirements of the Water Resources Commissioner's office for storage, on-site storage and different things like that.

But that would be an opportunity to potentially

1 takeover some of those storm sewer systems. 2 BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: That's what I was getting 3 at. 4 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: I knew that's where you were 5 going. Because many times what will happen is a storm sewer 6 will be put up a road; well who has jurisdiction over that 7 storm sewer? Is it the road commission? Well now it's a public road, it's not the developer that put it in. 8 9 And you start having some of those conversations 10 and it makes it very difficult because does the township take 11 care of that complaint? Is it -- everybody starts finger 12 pointing and Joe says, well I can't touch it because I don't 13 even have an easement over it. And everybody is trying to 14 figure out how to fix a sink hole in a pipe. 15 BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: We've been involved with 16 Joe with a lot of orphan drains where you have a drain out there, nobody has real jurisdiction over it. 17 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: 18 Correct. BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: That would be 19 2.0 actually looking at that and this incorporates those too. 2.1 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Yes. This would be the 22 opportunity to incorporate those. 23 And we're seeing a lot of these in Hudsonville, 24 there are several of these orphan drains that everybody kind

of looks at each other and says, boy, what do we do about

25

this?

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And yet you got folks that are asking for help that need help and can't do the amount of work that might need to be done on their own.

And then also they're limited by, okay, I own this five acres, I can't control the 30-acre development over here or the five acres downstream. At least -- and the nice thing about a watershed or an approach like this is you can have jurisdiction over all of those items, at least where you have an easement.

Yes?

BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: Is there anything coming from the north, or under, I should say, I-196, or is that a border that can't be reached?

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Excellent question. So there is no water from north of 196 that's coming back toward this system.

BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: Okay.

ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: This entire system is actually pushing through a culvert which is under the jurisdiction of Buttermilk Creek Drain to the north. So all of the water from this system goes north.

There might be a few portions of MDOT's right-of-way that drain into this. But I think, and I could be wrong, I don't think they do have water into this system.

1	Many times what MDOT will do, and you'll see this
2	along the highways, they dig ditches, and any of the water in
3	the ditches that drain to this point are going to go in drain
4	stream of where this drain would start. So I don't believe
5	that MDOT is going to have a large 14a percentage, and maybe
6	not one at all for this.
7	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: It all goes into the Pinnacle
8	Center.
9	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Or it dumps into Buttermilk
10	Creek downstream of where we're going to establish this
11	potentially.
12	Any other questions from the Board at this time?
13	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: I don't think we
14	have any.
15	We'll begin to take some public testimony, open
16	public comment.
17	And again, I'd just remind everybody, please state
18	your name and address, and if you have property in the
19	district, please let us know the size, the approximate area.
20	So I'm going to start with the first row, the
21	gentleman in the short blue no, first row on this side.
22	Right there, with the goatee, yep.
23	MR. STEVEN BORN: My name is Steve Born, 3865 40th.
24	I do have property on the drain, and I do have massive
25	flooding every time we do have a heavy downpour. My the

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drain pretty much splits my property in half, and the lower
 1
 2
     area is extremely flooded in that area.
                                               And the drain
 3
     definitely does need to be cleaned out.
 4
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               Okay.
 5
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP:
                                               Are you between
 6
     Quincy and Riley on 40th?
 7
               MR. STEVEN BORN:
                                 I'm on Quincy and 40th.
 8
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: Right on the corner of
9
     Quincy and 40th?
10
                                 I'm on 40th.
               MR. STEVEN BORN:
11
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP:
                                               Okay, thank you.
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
12
                                               Next?
13
               MS. ROSEMARY WEBER: Rosemary Weber, 3894 40th
14
     Avenue.
15
               I am the only house that sits between Riley and
16
     Quincy on the east side of the road. I do sit on an
     elevation, I've been there for 52 years. I have observed how
17
     the various developments have affected the rain drain off
18
19
     into the area because on one side of me there is a big
2.0
     valley, and on the other side we have what I would consider a
2.1
     wetland.
22
               My question and my concern is, will this affect the
23
     wetlands? And will the DEQ allow it to affect the wetlands?
24
               We have turtles there, we have fox, we have otters
25
     -- I don't know if we have otters. But we have a lot of
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1	frogs and things that are natural to that, and we also have
2	wild animals that go there for nesting, etcetera, etcetera.
3	Turkeys
4	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: We can answer that
5	question for you because I believe there are protections that
6	have to be maintained for the existing and identified
7	wetlands.
8	And I'm going to turn this over to Paul from
9	Spicer.
10	Do they have to get an M-DEQ permit, and are the
11	wetlands protected through any projects?
12	ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Yes. So a couple things;
13	one, I mentioned there are exemptions that the drain office
14	or Water Resources Commissioner's office has to work on
15	these, that does not apply to brand new drains.
16	And so if this is established as a county drain, we
17	will be required to submit for a DEQ permit for all work that
18	we do.
19	So the DEQ, again the Department of Environmental
20	Quality will have to review any proposed design that we have
21	for this particular system whatever that looks like.
22	And in that we do look at wetland areas, and DEQ
23	certainly will, to ensure that they're not negatively
24	impacted.
25	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Don't they normally

try to enhance the wetlands because enhancing the wetlands 1 2 helps to protect and slow down the flow of storm water? 3 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Ideally, yes. And I don't 4 know if everybody caught that, but do you try to protect 5 them? In certain instances where we can, yes, because that 6 provides for extra storm water storage, treatment, all of the 7 good things that a wetland does, you try to augment that and utilize that for the betterment of the drain. 8 9 Which is, it's been a change over the last 20 10 years, I would say, in the drain world, and a good change. 11 Where you can actually implement utilizing wetlands and 12 provide for a cheaper project based on the storage that's 13 provided. 14 MS. ROSEMARY WEBER: I have watched the drainage in 15 that area change, as developments have come. I used to see a 16 lot of water when it rained in this one valley. I'm not 17 seeing that much anymore. 18 My other concern is in the future, is this going to 19 address the drainage problem as we continue to develop? And 2.0 how is it going to impact it? Thank you. 21 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay, again, on my 22 right side, the second row? No comment there? 23 I'm going to go again on the third row. 24 MR. LEE KLAMER: My name is Lee Klamer, 3555 32nd 25 Avenue. And I've got pretty close to 40 acres there on 32nd

Street.

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The question I have is they paved Greenly Street recently, and on my property on Greenly they changed the drain position from where it was. We never had any problems before, never have problems now.

But my question is if that impacts from further down, is the county responsible for that, you know? I don't know.

But the other question I have is when are they going to redo 32nd Avenue because that's on -- we were assessed for the Rush Creek Drain. And I was told from somebody that works from the county many years ago that my pipe from my ground to go to the other side is broke. And I've been waiting for them to redo the road so that that can get fixed.

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: When you say broke, you mean that they're not allowing flow through the culvert?

MR. LEE KLAMER: It's crushed. We have a lot of heavy truck traffic on our road.

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And part of the problem of course is right now this would be considered an orphan drain. It's a drainage system that doesn't have anybody directly responsible for it.

So that's part of why it's being asked to be brought into the county drain system so that public dollars

1	can be used to correct some of these issues that occur,
2	whether it's normal maintenance or improvement.
3	MR. LEE KLAMER: I'm just bringing it up.
4	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Thank you.
5	MR. LEE KLAMER: And the other comment I have,
6	they're saying a lot of the trees and stuff is in the way of
7	the drain, isn't that a responsibility of the property owner
8	to keep that right?
9	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay. Actually it's
10	not a responsibility of the property owner to maintain a
11	watercourse.
12	MR. LEE KLAMER: But if you got a dead tree, they
13	should take care of it.
14	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Whether they should
15	is a whole another question. I understand what you're
16	asking. Thank you.
17	And the gentleman next to him, would you like to
18	speak?
19	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No.
20	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay, yourself?
21	MS. SANDRA TALSMA: My name is Sandra Talsma. Our
22	address is3675 Riley Street.
23	We are part of four drainage districts already, and
24	one of them or a couple of them are the same area, or some
25	of the same areas as this Quincy one. And I don't understand

why we need another one when we've already got one. 1 2 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: One of the things 3 that they're talking about is they will have to take a look 4 at the boundaries. If you're in to two of these drainage 5 districts, please talk to the engineer afterwards because we, 6 like he said, we try not to have overlap or gaps. 7 MS. SANDRA TALSMA: Okay. BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: But if there are 8 9 issues, speak with Paul afterwards. If we need to adjust, if 10 he needs to adjust the boundary, if the drain commissioner 11 needs to adjust the boundary, if this is approved as a 12 drainage project in terms of necessity, they will work with 13 you. 14 MS. SANDRA TALSMA: Thank you. 15 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Yes. 16 Okay. We've heard from the township, did you have 17 any other comments or do you want me to go to the back row? 18 Very back row? Okay. Very back? 19 MR. NELS FREDRICKSON: I'm Nels Fredrickson, 4040 2.0 I live right on the corner of, or the west corner of Quincy. 2.1 40th and Quincy. So I definitely know what this is in 22 regards to. 23 We're the newest new construction home that's in 24 that area. We've been there about five years. And as we 25 don't have any issue with flooding into our home or anything

like this, there is definitely flooding in that area.

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Our whole back area, we have three acres, and it completely floods. The stream does definitely run through our property for the majority and then crosses under the 40th viaduct, I guess, the pathway.

And concerning for us, there is no concern that's overwhelming. I agree with her, I'm concerned for the wetland, for myself and my family, you know, my children enjoy that area and the whole thing which was touched on.

But it definitely does flood. So there is definitely some change. We haven't been there long enough to know what it was forty years ago, but there is definitely something that should be done.

And there is fallage of trees that fall in that area probably related to the watershed area.

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: That's exactly what I was going to ask, have you seen a lot of trees and woody debris in the stream behind you; and you seem to say yes, you have?

MR. NELS FREDRICKSON: Yes. He actually lives right behind us (indicating) so I know some of the area that he's talking about that floods up. As the stream goes through, there is not a tremendous amount of fallage, but there are some trees that have fallen down, and I would say a lot of sediment washing from the higher area down to that

Between the three of us, we're probably in the lowest 1 area. 2 area of that little area. 3 My house is built up higher, so it's not as 4 concerning for egress into the home. But it's definitely --5 I have a lake when -- at certain times of the year. 6 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay. I appreciate 7 that. Thank you very much. 8 On my left-hand side, the gentleman in the second 9 row here? 10 MR. SID HOLWERDA: My name is Sid Holwerda. 11 3770 Ouincy. I own the 10 acres adjacent to Royal Plastics 12 where the main part of the drain comes through there. Lived 13 there for forty years. It's always flooded. But what's 14 changed is the development upstream. 15 It would seem to me that the ponds, the retention 16 ponds that are currently required for storm water retention 17 are not large enough. 18 My solution would be you should build another dam 19 between where the picture of the house was, and I own a pond 2.0 there somewhere in that area, the topography is suitable for 21 it. 22 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay. I appreciate 23 it. 24 MR. SID HOLWERDA: Something needs to be done as 25 development continues.

I noticed that when Royal developed their last 1 2 chunk of property they filled part of the floodplain with a 3 lot of dirt, altered that. I don't know if that was 4 permitted or not. 5 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: If they were filling 6 the floodplain, that's a concern. But again --7 MR. SID HOLWERDA: Well if you look there is a gulch system that runs all the way through the bank there and 8 9 it crosses right through my property and then goes a little 10 bit further and across Quincy. 11 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay. MR. SID HOLWERDA: And that area is always flooded, 12 13 but it's changed over the years now with you get more runoff. 14 With the development, there is still more runoff that comes 15 up. 16 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: 17 I'm going to go to the third row, yes? 18 MS. CINDY BERENDS: Cindy Berends. I live at 4175 I live on the deadened of 40th. We do have a big 19 40th. 2.0 ravine there and it does get flooded when it rains a lot. 2.1 But I do have one probably stupid question. 22 this affect any of our wells or septic? 23 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: If you have 24 flooding, it could affect your septic. I don't think it 25 would affect your wells. Your wells are going to be sunk

quite deep and will probably not be impacted by flooding on 1 2 the surface. 3 Your septic system, if that area gets saturated it 4 could affect that. So if you have increased flooding in the 5 area, I would have some concern for your septic system. 6 wouldn't have concern for your well. 7 Is that a fair summary? 8 WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Great job. 9 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Great job. 10 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay, thank you. 11 A quick question, are you seeing more erosion in 12 that ravine behind you? 13 MS. CINDY BERENDS: 14 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Yes. 15 MS. CINDY BERENDS: The DEQ did -- there is a creek 16 that goes through there, they do work on that probably every 17 year. 18 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay, thank you. 19 Next? 2.0 I'm going to go to the fourth row back Okay. 2.1 there. 22 MR. HARRY VANDERIET: My name is Harry Vanderiet, 23 3846 Quincy Street, and I've also lived there for 40 years. 2.4 And my house was one of the pictures up there. And 25 over the last forty years, like Sid said, we always got

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flooding back there. But now it's getting more and more, and
 1
 2
     it's getting higher. But a lot of it is because of all the
 3
     sediment, and it's filled in.
 4
               I know where the culvert goes underneath the road,
 5
    and that creek has cut a new path now.
 6
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
 7
               MR. HARRY VANDERIET: Because that was filled in
 8
    and blocked with trees, brush.
9
               I tried to keep it clean, but I couldn't keep up
10
    with it.
              And then it cut a new path and it goes through our
11
    yard now, which isn't a big deal. But then it makes a
12
     90-degree turn and another one, right into Quincy Street.
13
    Which is eroding Quincy Street out now, the road. And then
14
     it has to make another turn to go underneath the culvert.
15
               I would say it's silted in for I bet at least two
16
     foot, it's raised up from when we first moved in there.
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And that can be a
17
18
    real problem with the erosion and then the flood waters.
19
               MR. HARRY VANDERIET: Yes, it's definitely a
2.0
    problem.
2.1
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: I appreciate that.
22
               MR. HARRY VANDERIET:
                                     Thank you.
23
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And the gentleman
24
    next to him?
25
               MR. AL WYCHERS: Al Wychers, 3825 Quincy.
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basically live across the street from Howard Vanderiet.

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I guess my concern goes years back. I've been in the township for over 45 years. When the expressway went in, it changed the drain. On the north side of the expressway, I know that's outside of the boundaries of what we're talking about, Summergreen Condos used to be a natural holding, water holding area.

Well that was all filled in and developed. The expressway came in, and turned it into a dam, which requires all the water to funnel to that spot. And it can't go through too fast or it could cause problems for Hudsonville, which backs the problem up to the Quincy Street side.

The water park, the outline on the map there, they went around the lake. Well if we get a big flood, a big rain, a hundred-year flood, whatever they call it, they're going to be part of the same drain. It does cross out of, you know, it crosses that yellow line, and it goes into the -- I think it is what they call the Pinnacle Drain.

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay.

MR. AL WYCHERS: So anyway, from -- it all gets funneled in there, and backed up, causing everything south to get jammed up, filled in.

It changed the natural flow that occurred decades ago.

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay. I appreciate

it. And we will have the engineer take a look at that aspect of it as well.

And in the fourth row, at the end?

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MR. TIM TACOMA: Hi, I am Tim Tacoma, 750 Quincy Street, but I have 20 acres at 4465 Greenly.

Greenly has the big ravine, the field to the east, the west, and everything to the south flows into that spot.

I have seen that culvert flood many times, because I don't want to step on anybody's toes, Ken, but I think that culvert was undersized. And it changes the course of this stream upstream because of the flooding that takes place and water goes over the road.

And I think the same thing is taking place at Quincy Street. I think when the road commission leveled that hill, they put in an undersized drain. And that's kind of the source of the problem, more than anything else, that our neighbors are complaining about.

Now I did hear something, the DEQ, if we establish this drain, we get a DEQ exemption, which I think is necessary.

I'm on the Board, I voted no to do this but I think
I would change my vote if the -- if we could get a DEQ
exemption to help fix this guy's issue because it is an
issue. But now I hear that we have to run everything past
the DEQ before we do it, so I'm wondering how we do that?

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: With a new drain 1 2 you'll have to work with the DEQ. The exemptions occur on 3 existing drains. 4 For example, in Grand Haven Township we had a 5 crushed culvert because of a construction accident. We 6 got -- we were able to get an emergency DEO permit because we 7 worked with the drain commissioner. Those type of things can 8 occur if you have an established drain. 9 But if you're starting something brand new, they're 10 going to want make sure you're still protecting the wetlands 11 because they perform an important function for storm water 12 management. 13 MR. TIM TACOMA: Okay. 14 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Is that a fair 15 summary? 16 ENGINEER PAUL FORTON: Yes. To clarify, we need a 17 permit to establish the drain. Once it's established, then 18 we're grandfathered in to do future maintenance, certain activities without the permit. That's where the advantage 19 2.0 comes. 2.1 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Clear the wood from 22 the streams, things like that. 23 MR. TIM TACOMA: How extensively do you research 24 this drain before things get going? Do you walk every step,

looking for every puddle and which way the water is flowing

25

1 in every puddle? 2 BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Well there is limits 3 on everything, but they'll probably spend at least \$20,000 4 taking a look and doing a study to determine where the 5 problems exist and possible solutions for the problems. And 6 it could become much larger. 7 We had in the township a Hiawatha Drain project. 8 That ended up being an eight-year project to come to a 9 solution. We got a lot of grant monies for it, we worked 10 with them to try to solve the flooding problems that 11 occurred. So that's kind of an unknown right now. We know 12 that there will be studies. At the low end it will probably 13 14 cost 20,000. If it's a complicated issue, they may have to 15 spend three or four years to finally solve this problem. 16 Is that a fair summary, Joe? 17 WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: I would say that's 18 a fair summary. BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: But we don't know 19 2.0 what we don't know. And that's the issue when you're 2.1 establishing a new drainage area. 22 MR. TIM TACOMA: But it just seems the problem area

is the Quincy and 40th intersection there.

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: It could be one of the main ones. But again, we don't know what we don't know.

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1	MR. TIM TACOMA: All right. Thank you.
2	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: The pastor in the
3	back row. Any comments?
4	PASTOR PHILIP SHCOUT: I didn't really come to make
5	any comments. I just came to see what's going on because I
6	have the little church on the corner.
7	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Could you come up
8	here to the front, and give your name and address?
9	PASTOR PHILIP SHCOUT: I'm Pastor Shcout, Temple
10	Baptist Church. Our church is on the corner of Greenly and
11	32nd.
12	And I didn't have any questions about that. I just
13	came because people at church a lot of times ask questions,
14	so I just said I'll go to the meeting and see.
15	But anyway, there are no problems with what we
16	have. But essentially as you go down the road, each person,
17	obviously the main thing in life is to know Jesus Christ as
18	your Savior. He's the Word of life.
19	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: I'm not going to
20	argue with that at all. Thank you very much.
21	That said, I think everybody in the room has had a
22	chance to make a public comment. And so unless there are any
23	objections, I'm going to close this portion of public
24	comments.

Any objection?

25

Any questions from the Board. 1 2 BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: I do have a notice 3 here from Jerry Olman from the Road Commission. 4 He's not able to be here today. I'll just read 5 this. 6 "I will not be able to attend the BOD today. 7 not aware of any issues with the road/stream crossings within the proposed district. If there is an issue within this 8 9 right-of-way, please let me know." 10 So you can get him -- I've got an address for him 11 and phone number if you want to talk to him. 12 It says, "for the purpose of maintaining good 13 positive drainage in the area and correcting any issues, if 14 any, that may be present, Ottawa County Road Commission is in 15 favor of establishing this district." BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay. I appreciate 16 17 that. And I think Joe and Paul have heard about at least one crushed culvert and one possibly undersized culvert, and 18 19 you'll pass that information on to the drain commissioner, 2.0 and as you examine it you'll take a look at that. 21 With that, I will close the public comment period. 22 And now we're going to have a discussion . So the first --23 I'm going to ask Glenn, what are your thoughts? 24 BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: Well there is. 25 obviously it's a big enough area to have plenty of issues out

there. I live in the country. I've got things rushing down the creek by my house and everything else, but we're in the same position as you are.

2.0

We are not, at this point, we don't have a place to go with it. It's an issue. And it's an issue all over and it's just getting more and more as we expand our areas that are getting built and stuff like that.

So I know what it's like to have issues like that, but there is only one way to take care of it basically is if you would approve this, what we're talking about today.

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Ken, did you have any comment? Any thoughts?

BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: Well, you know, I've worked for the road commission for a lot of years and I've talked to a lot of people over the years about, well what do we do? How do we go about getting this fixed?

And the same thing, if they're not in an established district, there is no place for you to go.

So I've always been an advocate of county drains because then you have Joe to go to. You got -- you have somebody to talk to to maybe solve your problem or help you solve your problem. So I'm really an advocate to get areas in county drains so that people just have a chance to get something solid.

Otherwise, everybody is talking to their neighbor,

what can we do? And it just never gets done. So I'm always in favor of getting lands within an area into a county drain so that they have a place to go. So I'm in favor.

2.0

BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: In terms of my comments I find it unusual to have such a large watercourse that's not part of the county drain system. And it's been exacerbated because of the ash borers and all the trees that are dying and falling into these -- into these ravines, into these streams which are causing more erosion, more sedimentation. More sedimentation is causing issues with blocking culverts and causing increased flooding.

Unfortunately, the average property owner, even if they wanted to, wouldn't be able to clear these streams.

They don't have the equipment. And they don't have the ability financially normally to pay for that.

If this was simply a matter of cleaning out a small catch basin or drain in front of you with sticks and twigs, yes, you can do that. But when you're talking -- some of these ash trees are huge.

I'm also concerned that we're having more and more development occur. And even with on-site retention, or holding of some of the water, we know that with large rain events it's going to spill over. So it helps to mitigate the issue, but it doesn't solve the issue if it's not part of a drain.

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The other thing I like about drainage districts is
 1
 2
     that, if I vote for this, I would also vote that the cost
 3
     would be assessed in part to the governmental entities so
 4
     that their general tax dollars could be used to solve some of
 5
     these problems, and not put the burden entirely on the
 6
    property owners in the district.
 7
               So that said, do I have a motion that this drain is
 8
     deemed necessary?
9
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: I'll make that motion.
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: We have a motion
10
     from Ken that this drain is deemed necessary.
11
12
               Is there support?
13
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP:
                                               Support.
14
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               And we have support
15
     from Glenn for that.
16
               Any further discussion on that? Do you want to say
17
     anything else?
18
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: I think I said my peace.
19
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               Okay.
2.0
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP:
                                               I agree.
2.1
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               Then all in favor,
22
     say aye.
23
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER:
                                          Aye.
2.4
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               Aye.
25
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP:
```

1	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And there is no
2	opposition.
3	Because this was deemed necessary, I'm also going
4	to make a motion that the drain is necessary for the
5	protection of public health in Jamestown Charter Township,
6	and that a portion of any costs shall be apportioned to the
7	municipality at large.
8	Is there support for that motion?
9	BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: I'll support that.
10	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: So I made the motion
11	and Ken supported.
12	Any discussion?
13	BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: Nope.
14	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Okay. Then all in
15	favor, say aye.
16	BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER: Aye.
17	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Aye.
18	BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP: Aye.
19	BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And again there is
20	no opposition.
21	The final thing we want to do is that I agree that
22	there could be some boundary issues with this. Paul, the
23	engineer stated that the boundaries that were shown were very
24	rough.
25	So I'm going to make a motion that the drainage

```
district boundary be adjusted as necessary and lands be added
 1
 2
     and deleted as determined by the Water Resources Commissioner
 3
     as recommended by the engineer.
 4
               Do I have support for that?
 5
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP:
                                               Support.
 6
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               I made the motion,
 7
     Glenn supported the motion.
               Is there any discussion on that?
 8
 9
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP:
10
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               Then all in favor,
11
     say aye.
               BOARD MEMBER KEN SOUTER:
12
                                          Aye.
13
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO:
                                               Aye.
14
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP:
                                               Aye.
15
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And then that
16
    basically is the end of this Board of Determination. All
17
     we've determined is that there is a necessity to have
18
     somebody be responsible for this drainage district.
19
               And with that said, I'm going to turn this over to
2.0
     Joe, first of all to talk about the appeal process, and then
2.1
     any closing comments.
22
               And then after Joe's comments we will adjourn this
23
    meeting.
2.4
               WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Thanks, Mr. Chair.
25
               There is an appeal process, when we get to the
```

assessment apportionment, and that's quite a ways down the road. Many of you will have more notifications before we get that far, because there is a process to appeal the -- not today's process, but the apportionment and the assessments when it comes out. We're quite a ways from that.

2.0

2.1

I just want to address a few of the people's concerns as far as the wetlands. I've gotten hundreds of thousands of dollars in grants for wetland improvements. I'm probably one of the most strong environmentalists as far as wetlands that there is.

UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I can keep my turtles then. That's huge.

WATER RESOURCES COMM. JOE BUSH: Every development goes through -- any development through Jamestown, City of Hudsonville or neighboring -- 17 townships go through my office. We review it and I usually have a firm like Spicer or Prein & Newhof, another engineering firm review it, or two sets of eyes if it's controversial and say, hey, are we protecting the neighbors from flooding? They are building for the 100-year rain event. They do have to retain and dig ponds to keep that water on their property.

There is overflows like Bill mentioned earlier. So there is overflows that do get into this natural watercourse.

One thing I'm huge on is collaboration with these businesses. They're all looking at me going, hey, how can we

make this better?

2.0

I think a lot of those partners that we could partner with are willing to share some costs too because they know their water does overflow, they are in the drainage district and they like to be good community partners.

So one of the things I like to do is partner with business owners. Royal Plastics has been one of the biggest ones in the City of Hudsonville on their issues. They have contributed a lot of money to drainage, because they understand they have a large footprint, big parking lot, big buildings. They know they have a lot of runoff.

So I just wanted to address the development. And there is a lot more development coming. As you can tell, Jamestown is one of the hot spots in Ottawa County, especially between here and Kent.

Collaboration, development and then the wetlands. I just want to emphasize that the Hiawatha Drain, wetlands are so important to the natural resources, even for flooding, water quality is huge. And one of the things that I want to do as your countywide elected official and as a drain commissioner, Water Resources Commissioner, is protect that water quality.

And in that, wetlands plays a big piece of that.

We lost a lot of wetlands over the years. So if we can make it even better in your backyard where there is identified

wetlands by the DEQ -- I have a wonderful relationship with DEQ. We don't always agree, but we'll come to the table and sit down and say, how do we make it better? And not charge taxpayers' money for a big cost.

2.0

A lot of things are commonsense. Commonsense solutions are very important. And that's what I try to do. So when we look at this, we'll be looking at -- Sid made a good point about another dam.

The Buttermilk Creek, that water park? That's mine. That's actually a dam. That was put there year and years ago before the water park got there for water storage. There is overflow spillways. If you ever decide to walk down there and walk around it, I have to have that inspected every three years per the DEQ, because it is technically a dam.

We have a lot of dams in Ottawa County that people don't even realize we have. Another dam upstream might be something to consider with the development and growth. That could be an opportunity for us to evaluate that.

The culvert sizing, that's been mentioned and I do know that the road commission does a great job on calculating how much water flow with runoff on the size of culvert. We can have the road commission review that and make sure that the culvert is the right size.

If it is a problem, then the road commission is another great partner that I work with everyday. Everyday we

work together because it's your taxpayers' money. That's how we collaborate and make it affordable and make it commonsense again. I can't stress commonsense enough.

2.0

2.1

So the road commission, we'll make those phone calls and make sure that culvert was sized for that Quincy Street.

I think we already asked once, Jerry Olman can't be here. He said, yes, we sized it. But again, another set of eyes on it, maybe we'll have Paul just review that, run a model on it to make sure, yep, it was sized correctly.

If it wasn't, that's where we're going to start.

Let's look at that. We still have the erosion, sediment,

trees, we have all of those issues too.

But those are a few of my comments that I wanted to reassure the wetlands, I'm all about protecting them. I'm all about -- my job is to make sure people don't flood so when we do development reviews, we don't want to flood the neighboring property owners. Because, yeah, development is good, but there is also the growing pains. And this is a flooding concern that people have when they have big businesses coming in. We want to make sure we protect the neighbors.

And then again, we're always working with the business owners in collaboration. And Jamestown Township has been great to work with. They know how crucial drainage is

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1
     at large. They have been a great partner. I can't say
 2
     enough. Because they're in -- yeah, Jamestown is in a
 3
     situation that they're growing.
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: And with that, I
 4
 5
     just want to appreciate everybody coming.
 6
               And without objection, we will adjourn.
 7
               If you have any questions, please talk to the Drain
8
     Commissioner after this meeting.
9
               Any objections to adjourning?
               BOARD SECRETARY GLENN NYKAMP:
10
                                               No.
               BOARD CHAIRPERSON BILL CARGO: Without objection,
11
12
    we are adjourned.
13
             (Board of Determination concluded at 11:13 a.m.)
14
15
16
17
18
19
2.0
21
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23
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25
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1	CERTIFICATION OF COURT REPORTER AND NOTARY PUBLIC
2	
3	
4	STATE OF MICHIGAN)
5) SS
6	COUNTY OF MUSKEGON)
7	
8	I certify that this transcript, consisting of 60
9	pages, is a complete, true and correct record of the Board of
10	Determination - Quincy Street Drain, held in this case on
11	August 9, 2018.
12	
13	
14	DATE: August 16, 2018
15	
16	
17	MARJORIE A. COVEY, CSR-2616
18	141 East Michigan Avenue, Suite 206 Kalamazoo, MI 49007
19	1.800.878.8750
20	Notary Public Expires: October 14, 2021, Muskegon County, Michigan/Acting in the State of Michigan.
21	
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23	
24	
25	

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